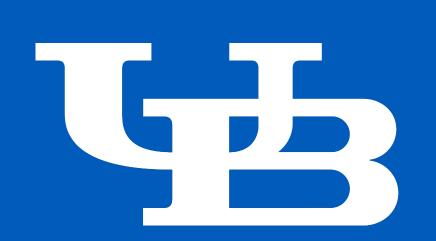
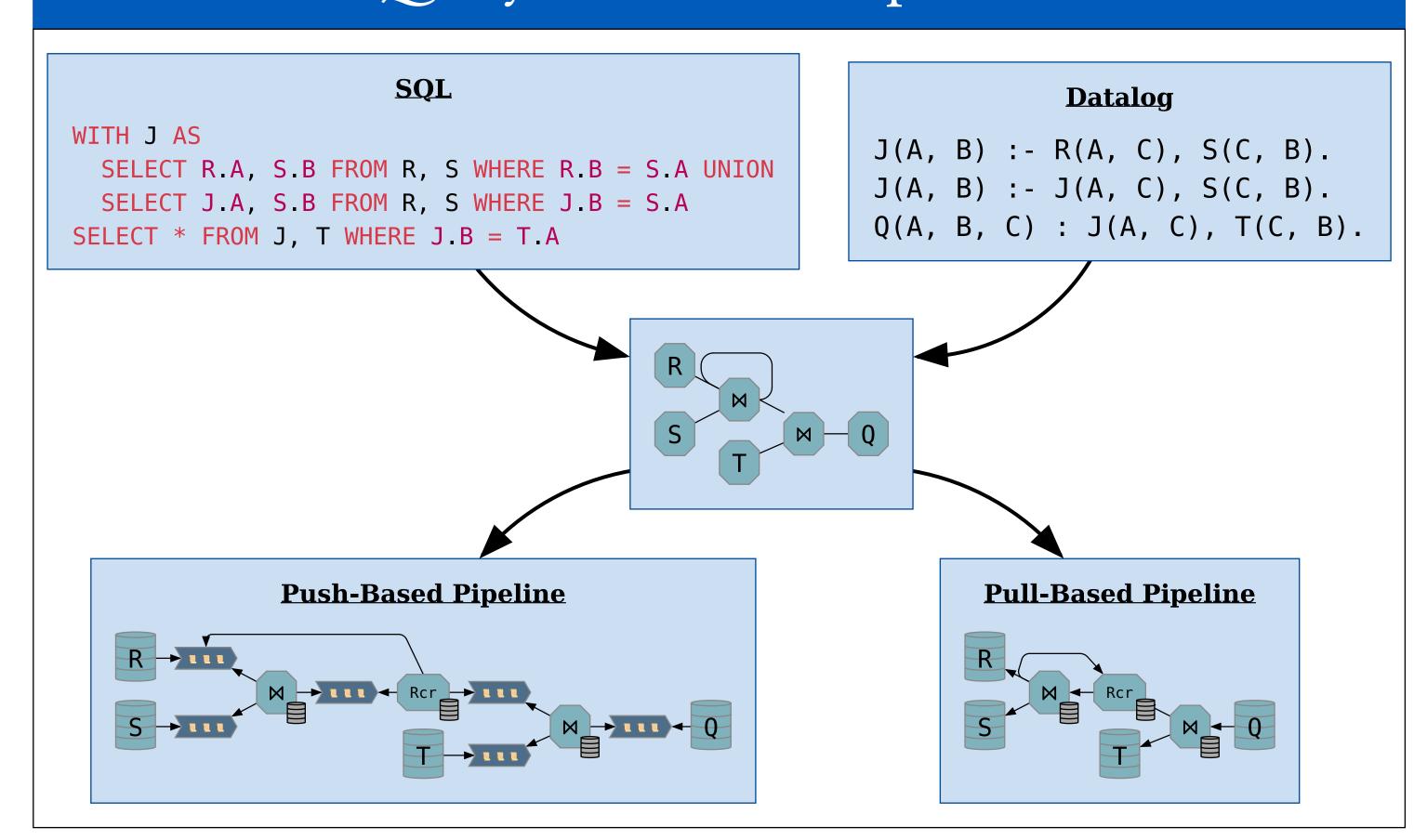
Flow-Centric Query Evaluation Pipelines

Victoria Dib, Andrew J. Mikalsen, Jaroslaw Zola, Oliver Kennedy University at Buffalo, SUNY

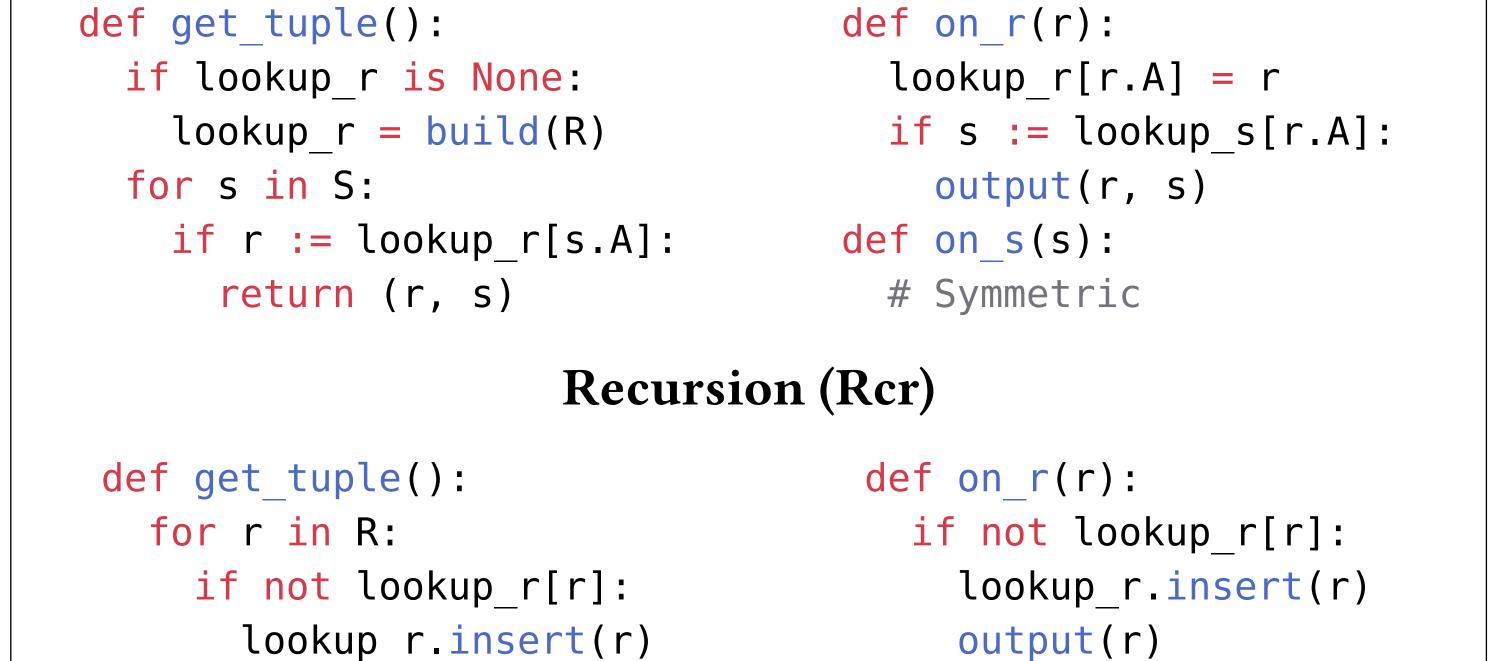


Query Evaluation Pipelines



Pipeline Operator Implementation

Join (⋈)



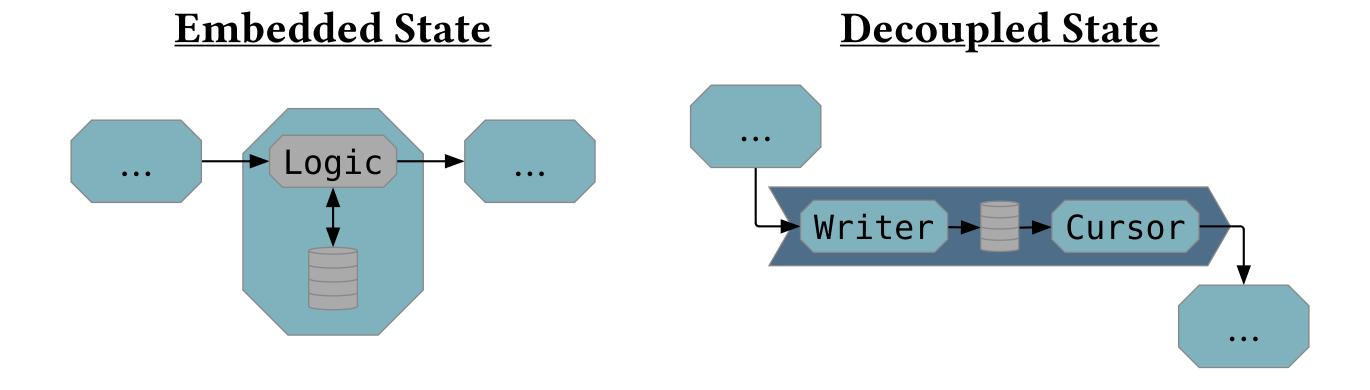
Operator State Considered Harmful

Many pipeline operators keep unbounded internal state!

- It's hard to re-use internal state across operators.
- It's hard to give the scheduler and planner insight into IO costs.
- It's hard to pipeline organizational work into upstream operators.
- It's hard to extend the system with new data structures.

We want to decouple relational state from the operator.

Decoupling Operators and State



Internal operator logic **both** writes to and reads from materialized relations

Operators communicate through relation flows via writer/cursor abstractions

Cursor Properties

Operators declare the properties that they require of each input.

Property	Cursor	Data
Resettable	seek head	-
Clustered[K]	seek key	clustered on K
Sorted[K]	seek key	sorted on K
$Coalesced[K,\oplus]$	<u> </u>	grouped by K
Diff		diff prev vers.

Examples

- Join-Build: Resettable, Clustered[K]
- Join-Probe: -
- **Print**: Coalesced[K]

Operator Properties

Operators declare the properties that they enforce in their outputs, or that they preserve from input to output.

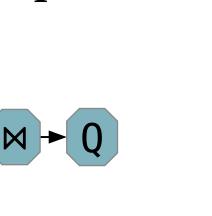
Property	Data
Clustered[K]	clustered on K
Sorted[K]	sorted on K
Coalesced $[K,\oplus]$	grouped by K

Examples

- Base Rel: Clustered, Coalesced
- **Join**: Probe Clustered \rightarrow Clustered

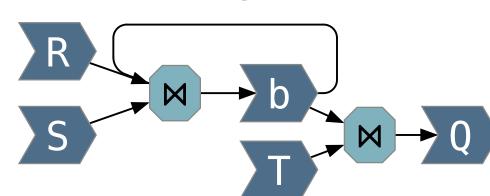
Compiling Flow-Centric Pipelines

1. Logical Pipeline



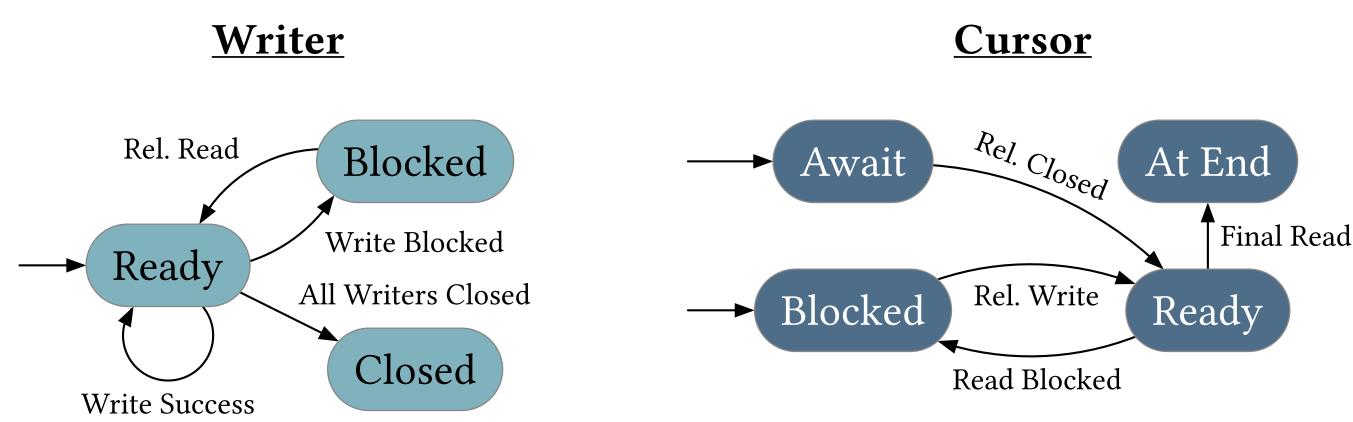
2. Instantiate Flows

3. Merge Flows



- 4. Inject Copies
- 1. The planner starts with a logical pipeline as in operator-centric methods
- 2. Every edge and relation operator in the logical plan becomes a flow.
- 3. Flows that share sources and/or sinks, and who's sinks have compatible property requirements are merged.
- 4. Where necessary, copy operators are injected (e.g., to build indexes).
- 5. The planner selects a data structure for each internal flow. (not shown)

Running



An operator is runnable iff all of its writers and cursors are Ready.

Data Structures

Each data structure provides support for a different set of properties.

Data Structure	Properties Enforced
Ring Buffer	
Array	Resettable
Hash Table	Resettable, Clustered[K]
Agg. Hash Table	Resettable, Clustered[K], Coalesced[K, \oplus]
Multiversion B+ Tree	Resettable, Sorted[K], Diff

The planner picks data structures that enforce the union of all properties required by operators reading from the flow.

Draupnir

Draupnir is a work-in-progress map-relational, out-of-core datalog engine targeting large program analysis workloads (e.g., vulnerability detection in Chrome), and binary decompilation. Draupnir enables composable and scalable program analyses on commodity hardware.

The authors wish to acknowledge other contributors to Draupnir, including Arlen Cox, Andrew Hirsch, Ethan Canton, Krishna Sivakumar, Kamil Woskowiak, and Nick Brown.

https://git.odin.cse.buffalo.edu/Norn/Draupnir



return r